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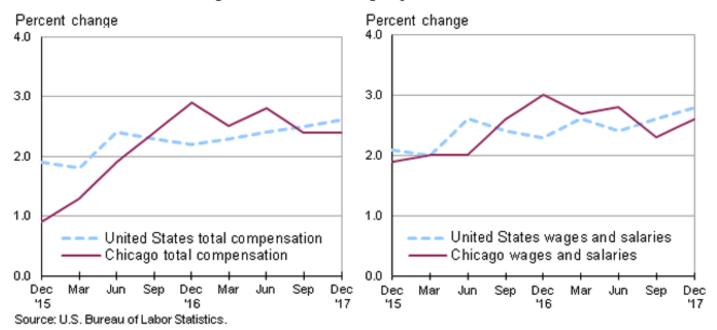
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## Changing Compensation Costs in the Chicago Metropolitan Area — December 2017

Total compensation costs for private industry workers increased 2.4 percent in the Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. metropolitan area for the year ended in December 2017, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Charlene Peiffer noted that a year earlier, Chicago experienced a gain of 2.9 percent in total compensation costs. Locally, wages and salaries, the largest component of total compensation costs, rose 2.6 percent over the 12-month period ended December 2017. Nationwide, total compensation costs and wages and salaries increased 2.6 percent and 2.8 percent, respectively, over the same period. (See chart 1 and table 1.)

Chart 1. Twelve-month percent changes in the Employment Cost Index, private industry workers, United States and the Chicago area, not seasonally adjusted, December 2015–December 2017



Chicago is 1 of 15 metropolitan areas in the United States, and 1 of 3 areas in the Midwest region of the country, for which locality compensation cost data are now available. Among these 15 largest areas, over-the-year percentage increases in total compensation costs ranged from 6.9 percent in Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia, Wash. to 1.4 percent in both Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud, Minn.-Wis. and Atlanta-Sandy Springs-

Gainesville, Ga.-Ala. in December 2017. For wages and salaries, San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland, Calif. registered the largest annual gain (3.6 percent) among the 15 areas, while wages in Minneapolis registered the smallest annual gain (1.1 percent). (See chart 2.)

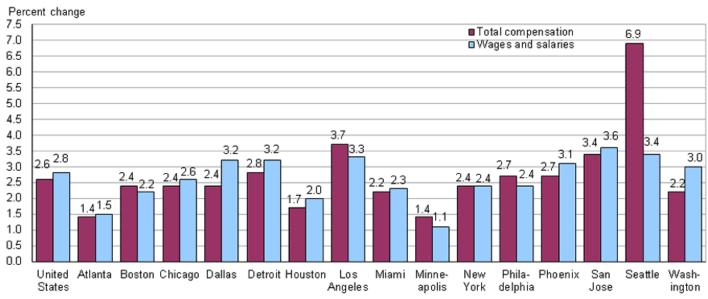


Chart 2. Twelve-month percent change in the Employment Cost Index, private industry workers, United States and localities, not seasonally adjusted, December 2017

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Chicago's annual increase in total compensation costs in December 2017, at 2.4 percent, compared to gains of 2.8 and 1.4 percent, respectively, in Detroit-Warren-Flint, Mich. and Minneapolis, the two other metropolitan areas in the Midwest. Chicago's 2.6-percent increase in wages and salaries over this 12-month period compared to advances of 3.2 percent in Detroit and 1.1 percent in Minneapolis. (See table 2.)

The Employment Cost Index for March 2018 is scheduled to be released on Friday, April 27, 2018.

## **Technical Note**

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) measures the change in the cost of labor, free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries. The compensation series includes changes in wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries are defined as straight-time average hourly earnings or, for workers not paid on an hourly basis, straight-time earnings divided by the corresponding hours. Straight-time wage and salary rates are total earnings before payroll deductions, excluding premium pay for overtime, work on weekends and holidays, and shift differentials. Production bonuses, incentive earnings, commission payments, and cost-of-living adjustments are included in straight-time earnings, whereas nonproduction bonuses (such as Christmas or year-end bonuses) are excluded. Also excluded are such items as payments-in-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Based on available resources and the existing ECI sample, it was determined that estimates would be published for 15 metropolitan areas. Since the ECI sample sizes by area are directly related to area employment, the areas with the largest private industry employment as of the year 2000 were selected. For each of these areas, 12-month percent changes and associated standard errors were computed for the periods since December 2006.

The metropolitan area definitions of the 15 published localities are listed below.

- Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Gainesville, Ga.-Ala. Combined Statistical Area (CSA) includes Barrow, Bartow, Butts, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, Dawson, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Hall, Haralson, Heard, Henry, Jasper, Lamar, Meriwether, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Pike, Polk, Rockdale, Spalding, Troup, Upson, and Walton Counties in Georgia; and Chambers County in Alabama.
- Boston-Worcester-Manchester, Mass.-N.H. CSA includes Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, and Worcester Counties in Massachusetts; and Belknap, Hillsborough, Merrimack, Rockingham, and Strafford Counties in New Hampshire.
- Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. CSA includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties in Illinois; Jasper, Lake, LaPorte, Newton, and Porter Counties in Indiana; and Kenosha County in Wisconsin.
- Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas CSA includes Collin, Cooke, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Palo Pinto, Parker, Rockwall, Somervell, Tarrant, and Wise Counties in Texas.
- **Detroit-Warren-Flint, Mich. CSA** includes Genesee, Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties in Michigan.
- Houston-Baytown-Huntsville, Texas CSA includes Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Matagorda, Montgomery, San Jacinto, Walker, and Waller Counties in Texas.
- Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside, Calif. CSA includes Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura Counties in California.
- Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, Fla. Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) includes Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties in Florida.
- Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud, Minn.-Wis. CSA includes Anoka, Benton, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Goodhue, Hennepin, Isanti, McLeod, Ramsey, Rice, Scott, Sherburne, Stearns, Washington, and Wright Counties in Minnesota; and Pierce and St. Croix Counties in Wisconsin.
- New York-Newark-Bridgeport, N.Y.-N.J.-Conn.-Pa. CSA includes Bronx, Dutchess, Kings, Nassau, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Ulster, and Westchester Counties in New York; Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Union Counties in New Jersey; Fairfield, Litchfield, and New Haven Counties in Connecticut; and Pike County in Pennsylvania.
- Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. CSA includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.
- Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz. MSA includes Maricopa and Pinal Counties in Arizona.
- San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland, Calif. CSA includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Benito, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Sonoma, and Solano Counties in California.
- **Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia, Wash. CSA** includes Island, King, Kitsap, Mason, Pierce, Snohomish, and Thurston Counties in Washington.
- Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia, D.C.-Md.-Va.-W.Va. CSA includes the District of Columbia; Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore; Calvert, Carroll, Charles, Frederick, Harford, Howard, Montgomery, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, and St. Mary's Counties in Maryland; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls

Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, Manassas Park, and Winchester Cities and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Frederick, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties in Virginia; and Hampshire and Jefferson Counties in West Virginia.

Definitions of the four geographic regions of the country are noted below.

- Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
- South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.
- Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.
- West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employment Cost Index for total compensation and for wages and salaries, private industry workers, United States, Midwest region, and the Chicago area, not seasonally adjusted

Area	Total compensation 12-month percent changes for period ended-				Wages and salaries 12-month percent changes for period ended-			
	United States							
2013	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.1
2014	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.2
2015	2.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.2	2.1	2.1
2016	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.3
2017	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8
Midwest								
2013	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8
2014	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.7
2015	2.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.3
2016	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.9
2017	2.8	2.3	2.2	2.2	3.2	2.4	2.2	2.2
Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City								
2013	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.4	2.2
2014	1.6	2.8	3.3	3.3	1.8	2.4	2.3	1.9
2015	3.3	1.1	1.1	0.9	2.4	1.8	1.8	1.9
2016	1.3	1.9	2.4	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.6	3.0
2017	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.6

Table 2. Employment Cost Index for total compensation and for wages and salaries, private industry workers, United States, geographical regions, and localities, not seasonally adjusted

	To	otal compensatio	n	Wages and salaries			
Area	12-month perc	ent changes for	period ended-	12-month percent changes for period ended-			
	Dec. 2016	Sep. 2017	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2016	Sep. 2017	Dec. 2017	
United States	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.8	
Northeast	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.7	
Boston-Worcester-Manchester	2.3	3.0	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.2	
New York-Newark-Bridgeport	2.3	2.9	2.4	3.3	3.2	2.4	
Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland	2.2	2.1	2.7	2.4	1.8	2.4	
South	1.3	2.0	2.4	1.4	2.1	2.7	
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Gainesville	3.5	2.2	1.4	4.2	2.7	1.5	
Dallas-Fort Worth	1.4	1.4	2.4	1.5	1.9	3.2	
Houston-Baytown-Huntsville	1.7	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.0	
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	3.4	3.7	2.2	3.6	3.9	2.3	
Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.0	
Midwest	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.9	2.2	2.2	
Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City	2.9	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.3	2.6	
Detroit-Warren-Flint	1.8	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.8	3.2	
Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud	0.7	1.1	1.4	-0.2	1.0	1.1	
West	2.6	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.3	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside	2.6	3.6	3.7	3.1	3.2	3.3	
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1	
San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland	2.6	2.9	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.6	
Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia	2.8	7.6	6.9	3.7	3.8	3.4	